



A Hysp

Expansion Compens

Series 8500 Expansion Compensators Catalog 674J

Series 8500 Expansion Compensators

Hyspan



Type 8503 Cutaway

- Sizes 3/4" through 4"
- Threaded, welded, flanged, and grooved steel pipe joints
- Male and female copper sweat ends
- Design pressure: 200 psig—see Copper Tube, Page 6
- Axial travel: 2" and 3"
- Fully enclosed and externally pressurized, multiply stainless steel bellows
- Internal guides maintain alignment
- Compact space-saving design

Temperature changes in heat transfer system piping, tubing, heaters, radiators, solar panels, and other equipment create expansion and contraction that must be absorbed.

Expansion Compensators provide a maintenance-free, compact, economical, and reliable method of eliminating this problem.

The compact design of Expansion Compensators permits installation

Canadian Registration Number:



Alvanced Bellows Weld Technology

Hyspan stainless to stainless weld

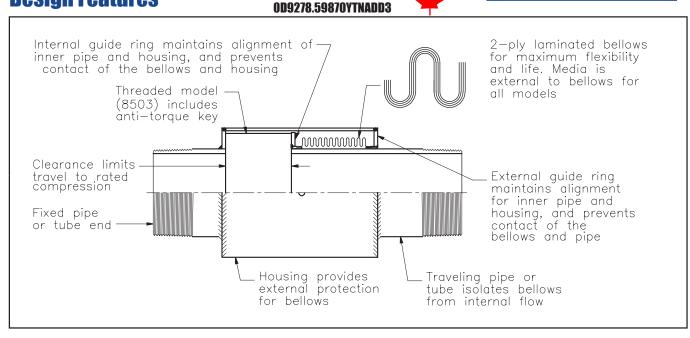
within tight spaces, and the inline construction minimizes pressure drop and heat loss. The metal bellows is fully enclosed, and internal and external guides maintain alignment.

All welded or high-temperature brazed construction eliminates the need for maintenance. They are assembly line produced for economy, and they are available from stock.

Hyspan stainless to stainless bellows weld technology:

- maximizes service lifeminimizes corrosion of
- dissimilar materials

Design Features





Applications

Series 8500 Expansion Compensators are designed for installations where the principal movement is axial. Standard joints are designed for 2" or 3" axial compression (pipe expansion) and 0.5" extension. If the primary movement is extension (pipe contraction), the compensator can be preset at the factory. The piping system must include anchors to react the force produced by pressure thrust and the bellows spring constant, supports to react the weight of the pipe and media, and guides to ensure that the pipe alignment is maintained.

Refer to Table 2 for the intermediate guide spacing in the center of pipe runs.

Short run between heaters or solar panels

Run requiring only one compensator

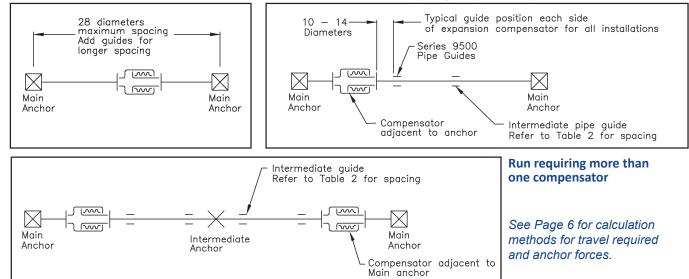


Table 1 Thermal Expansion

Saturated Steam Pressure		Temperature Deg F Deg C		Copper Tube	Carbon Steel Pipe	eet
		-300 -250 -200 -150 -100 -50 0 25	-185 -157 -129 -101 -73 -46 -18 -4	-2.85 -1.81 -1.81 -1.32 -0.75 -0.47	-0.84 -0.49 -0.32	e or tube per 100 fe
Vacuum (inches of mercury)	29.7 29.6 29.2 28.0 26.0 22.4 16.3 6.0 0	32 50 70 100 125 150 175 200 212	0 10 21 38 52 66 80 93 100	$\begin{array}{r} -0.39 \\ -0.19 \\ -0 \\ 0.38 \\ 0.66 \\ 0.94 \\ 1.23 \\ 1.51 \\ 1.65 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -0.27 \\ -0.14 \\ 0 \\ 0.23 \\ 0.42 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.80 \\ 0.99 \\ 1.10 \end{array}$	Note: Linear thermal expansion of pipe or tube per 100 feet hetween 70°E & tabulated temperature
Pressure (psig)	4 52 120 150 300 666	225 250 275 300 350 358 417 500	107 121 135 149 177 181 214 260	1.80 2.09 2.38 2.67 3.27 3.37 4.09 5.09	$1.21 \\ 1.40 \\ 1.61 \\ 1.82 \\ 2.26 \\ 2.33 \\ 2.86 \\ 3.62$	Note: Linear ther

Table 2 Intermediate Guide Spacing

	lominal Size inches)	50	F 75	Pressur (psig) 100	e 150	200	
8506 rbon	3/4	7.7	7.3	6.9	6.3	5.8	
rbc	1	11.9	11.0	10.3	9.2	8.4	
Models 8503 — 850 Schedule 40 Carbon Steel Pipe	1 1/4	16.3	14.7	13.5	11.7	10.5	
ls 8503 — dule 40 Ca Steel Pipe	, 1 1/2	19.4	17.2	15.6	13.4	11.9	
Models 8503 Schedule 40 Steel Pi	2	26.8	23.2	20.7	17.5	15.4	
els edu St	2 1/2	31.3	27.5	24.8	21.2	18.8	
ch d	3	38.8	33.5	29.9	25.2	22.0	
Σv	4	47.1	40.7	36.4	30.8	27.0	
& 8510 er Tube	3/4	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	
Tul 85	1	4.0	3.7	3.5	3.2	2.9	
a 'a	1 1/4	5.7	5.2	4.9	4.3	3.9	
00 dd	1 1/2	7.5	6.8	6.2	5.4	4.9	
0 8	2	10.0	9.0	8.3	7.2	6.5	
Models 8509 & 8510 Type L Copper Tube	2 1/2	13.9	12.2	10.9	9.4	8.3	
/pe	3	16.8	14.7	13.2	11.2	9.9	
ΣF	4	20.6	18.3	16.6	14.3	12.7	

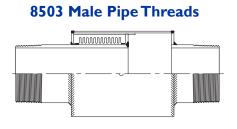
Note: Guide spacing is center-to-center measured in feet.

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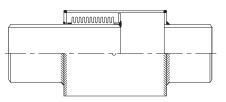
Series 8500

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Steel Pipe Applications



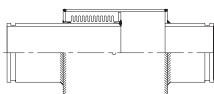
8504 Weld End



8506 Grooved Ends

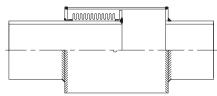
8505 Fixed Flange

Immmul



Copper Tube End Applications NSF/ANSI 372-Lead Free

8509 Male Tube Ends (Press-fitting friendly)









hitvanced Bellows Weld Technology Hyspan stainless to stainless weld

Bellows: Laminated (multiply) ASTM A240 Type 321 or 304 stainless steel Pipe: Schedule 40 ASTM A53 Grade B Type 8503 threads per ASME B1.20.1 Type 8504 weld prep 37.5° per ASME B16.25

Type 8506 grooved per ANSI/AWWA C606-87

Flanges: ASME A105 raised face dimensioned per ASME B16.5, 150 LB Housing, Guides, & Stops: Carbon steel sheet & tube

Note: Type 8503 includes an anti-torque stop

Hyspan stainless to stainless bellows weld technology:

- · maximizes service life
- minimizes corrosion of
- dissimilar materials

Bellows: Laminated (multiply) ASTM A240

Type 321 or 304 stainless steel Copper Tube: ASTM B88 Housing & Guides: ASTM A240 Type 304 or 321 stainless steel Note: Designed for sweat connection per ASME B16.2

Table 3 Pressure & Force Data Types 8503, 8504, 8505 & 8506

Part # 8503			Tabulated Pressure Thrust (pounds)						
8504		Effective	4.00	450		200			
8505	Size	Area	100	150	200	300			
8506	(NPS)	(in ²)	(psig)	(psig)	(psig)	(psig)			
-214	3/4	1.5	150	225	300	450			
-219	1	2.1	210	315	420	630			
-224	1 1/4	3.3	330	495	660	990			
-227	1 1/2	4.3	430	645	860	1290			
-231	2	6.3	630	945	1260	1890			
-235	2 1/2	8.8	880	1320	1760	2640			
-240	3	13.1	1310	1965	2620	3930			
-248	4	20.8	2080	3120	4160	6240			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			

Table 4 Pressure & Force Data Types 8509 & 8510

Part Number	Copper	Effective	Tabulated Pressure Thrust (pounds)					
8509	Tube	Area	100	150	200	300		
8510	Size	(in ²)	(psig)	(psig)	(psig)	(psig)		
-212	3/4	1.1	110	165	220	330		
-216	1	1.7	170	255	340	510		
-220	1 1/4	2.4	240	360	480	720		
-223	1 1/2	3.2	320	480	640	960		
-229	2	5.1	510	765	1020	1530		
-233	2 1/2	7.6	760	1140	1520	2280		
-237	3	10.6	1060	1590	2120	3180		
-245	4	17.9	1790	2685	3580	5370		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		

Note: Tabulated data in Tables 3 & 4 is the force produced by pressure only. Refer to the Axial Spring rate tabulated in Tables 5 & 6 for the force resulting from the bellows stiffness.

Table 5 Steel Pipe Ends—Models 8503, 8504, 8505 & 8506Design Pressure: 200 psigTest Pressure: 300 psigTemperature Range: -400 °F to 500 °F

			8503, 8504, 8506 85		8503, 8504, 8506		850	5
Nominal Size (NPS)	Axial Spring Rate (lb/in)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Part Number	Axial Compr. (inches)	Overall Length (inches)	Weight (lbs)	Overall Length (inches)	Weight (lbs)
3/4	81	2.375	-214-2	2.0	12.750	2.5	13.125	5.0
-7 -	58		-214-3	3.0	16.500	3.0	16.875	5.5
1	88	2.875	-219-2	2.0	12.750	4.0	13.125	7.5
T	63	2.875	-219-3	3.0	16.500	4.7	16.875	8.3
1 1/4	75	2.875	-224-2	2.0	12.750	4.5	13.125	8.5
11/4	52	2.075	-224-3	3.0	16.500	5.4	16.875	9.4
1 1/2	121	3.500	-227-2	2.0	14.000	5.8	14.375	10.8
1 1/2	82	3.500	-227-3	3.0	17.500	6.5	17.875	11.5
2	143	4.000	-231-2	2.0	14.000	7.0	14.375	15.5
2	117	4.000	-231-3	3.0	17.500	8.5	17.875	17.0
2 1/2	187	5.000	-235-2	2.0	15.500	12.3	16.000	23.5
2 1/2	132	5.000	-235-3	3.0	18.750	14.8	19.250	26.0
3	230	5.563	-240-2	2.0	15.500	15.5	16.000	30.0
3	161	5.503	-240-3	3.0	19.250	18.5	19.750	33.0
4	484	6.625	-248-2	2.0	16.375	21.0	16.875	41.0
4	341	6.625	-248-3	3.0	19.250	25.0	19.750	45.0
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Table 6 Copper Tube Ends—Models 8509 & 8510 Design Pressure: 200 psig Test Pressure: 300 psig Temperature Range: -320 °F to 500 °F

						8509 &	8510
Copper Tube Size	Actual Tube O.D. (inches)	Axial Spring Rate (Ib/in)	Outside Diameter (inches)	Part Number	Axial Compr. (inches)	Overall Length (inches)	Weight (Ibs)
3/4	.875	56 40	1.50	-212-2 -212-3	2.0 3.0	11.188 14.875	1.0 1.0
1	1.125	62 44	1.88	-216-2 -216-3	2.0 3.0	11.500 15.125	1.4 1.8
1 1/4	1.375	52 37	2.26	-220-2 -220-3	2.0 3.0	12.500 16.250	2.0 2.6
1 1/2	1.625	62 43	2.51	-223-2 -223-3	2.0 3.0	13.188 16.688	2.5 3.1
2	2.125	109 78	3.02	-229-2 -229-3	2.0 3.0	13.625 18.125	3.8 4.9
2 1/2	2.625	214 148	4.02	-233-2 -233-3	2.0 3.0	13.500 16.750	6.0 7.3
3	3.125	171 119	4.53	-237-2 -237-3	2.0 3.0	14.000 17.750	7.8 9.7
4	4.125	235 166	5.61	-245-2 -245-3	2.0 3.0	14.625 18.625	12.4 15.5
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Note: Standard construction is designed for 2" or 3" axial compression and 0.5" axial extension. Refer to Ordering Instructions on Page 7 to order factory preset for axial extension.

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Copper Tube Pressure Limits, Models 8509 and 8510 ASME B31.3 for Type L Copper Tubing has the following pressure and temperature limits (applies to Table 6, Page 5):

Design Temperature for 200 psig as follows:

- 3/4" and 1" Sizes: 400°F
- 1 ¼" 2" Sizes: 350°F
- 2 1/2" 3" Sizes: 300°F
- 4" Size: 175 °F (300°F for Max. 180 psig / 200°F for Max. 192 psig)

Calculated stresses for the following Standard Materials: Bellows: ASTM A240-321 and A240-304/304L Stubs: Copper ASTM B88 Housing: ASTM A240-321 and A240-304

Alternatives:

Joints Available with Bellows Material of:

- ASTM A240-316/316L
- ASTM A240-321
- ASTM B443-625 GR.1

Travel Required

The axial expansion or contraction of pipe or tube is determined by the change in temperature. Table 1 on Page 3 includes a tabulation of linear change in inches for 100 feet of commonly used materials based on an installation temperature of 70°F. For installation temperatures above 70°F, subtract the expansion for the installation temperature from the service temperature, and add for installations below 70°F.

The Intermediate Guide Spacing in Table 2 on Page 3 is the minimum recommended guide spacing required to ensure that the pipe or tube travel is translated to, and aligned with, the compensators. **Important:** Hyspan compensators are manufactured with restraints to insure the rated movements. For cold applications or other special conditions, the factory must be notified in order to properly preset the units for extension applications.

Thermal expansion or	_	Length of run	Linear change
contraction (inches)	=	between anchors (feet) ^x	from Table 1 \div 100

Anchor Forces

Systems incorporating expansion compensators must include structural reactions or main anchors as shown on the application diagrams (Page 3) with sufficient strength to withstand the full pressure thrust based on the effective area of the compensator, and the spring force produced by deflecting the bellows element. The highest pressure anticipated during service or testing should be used, and the maximum stroke for the most conservative design. Ideally, intermediate anchors have balanced forces on each side; however, it is recommended that the maximum force produced by the compensator spring rate should be utilized for design.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Main Anchor}_{Force (lbs)} &= \begin{array}{c} \text{Pressure Force (lbs)}_{(Table \ 3 \ Models \ 8503-6 \ or \\ Table \ 4 \ Models \ 8509 \ \& \ 10)} + \begin{array}{c} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Spring Rate (lb/in)}_{(Column \ 2 \ Table \ 5 \ Models \ 8503-6 \ or \\ Column \ 3 \ Table \ 6 \ Models \ 8509 \ \& \ 10)} \right\} \times \begin{array}{c} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Axial} \\ \text{Travel} \\ (inches) \end{array} \right\} \\ \mathbf{Intermediate \ Anchor}_{Force (lbs)} &= \begin{array}{c} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Spring Rate (lb/in)}_{(Column \ 2 \ Table \ 5 \ Models \ 8503-6 \ or \\ Column \ 3 \ Table \ 6 \ Models \ 8503-6 \ or \\ Column \ 3 \ Table \ 6 \ Models \ 8503-6 \ or \\ (inches) \end{array} \right\} \times \begin{array}{c} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{Axial} \\ \text{Travel} \\ (inches) \end{array} \right\} \\ \mathbf{X} \end{array} \right. \end{aligned}$$

Ordering Instructions

Refer to Tables 5 & 6 on Page 5 for the steel pipe or copper tube end configuration required for your

Example

Threaded steel pipe ends 200 psig at 500°F maximum 2.0" axial travel maximum 2" NPS

um n Size designation, 2" NPS (Table 5) Model specification, male pipe thread both ends, steel pipe, steel housing, and guides

method of calculation on Page 6.

• Model(s) 8503, 8504, 8505, and 8506 are available with all stainless steel construction for low temperature or highly corrosive service. Must be specified by written description.

• All Series 8500 compensators are available with multiply Alloy 625 bellows for highly corrosive media. Must be specified by written description.

application. If the travel required is unknown, see the

Installation Procedure

Operating Conditions: Series 8500 Expansion Compensators are supplied with a label attached stating the Design Pressure, Test Pressure, and Maximum Operating Temperature. Compensators are available for 2" and 3" axial travel. Consult the purchase specification for the allowable travel of the product purchased. Be certain that the system conditions and test conditions do not exceed these values.

Guides, Supports, Anchors: Series 8500 Expansion Compensators are designed for applications where the principal movement is axial to the centerline of the compensator, and the system includes guides, supports, and anchors. Refer to Applications on Page 3 for system requirements.

Flow Direction: The flow can be in either direction for Series 8500 Expansion Compensators.

Brazing & Soldering: Type 8509 & 8510 copper tube end compensators incorporate silver brazed joints in the manufacturing process. Do not exceed 1000°F during installation.

Shipping Restraints: External restraints are installed at the factory to insure installation at the correct length and alignment. They are labeled: *Shipping Bars, Remove After Installation*. Leave these restraints installed until after the installation of the compensator is complete—but they must be removed prior to pressure testing.

CAUTION: Shipping Bars are not designed to react the pressure thrust of the compensator—they must be removed prior to testing. Normally the Shipping Bars are installed by welding and brazing—carefully remove any excess weld or braze metal.

Post Installation Inspection:

- 1. Inspect the expansion joint for damage
- 2. Is the compensator installed at the correct location; and are the anchors, guides, and supports installed in accordance with the system design?
- 3. Are the guides and support free to allow movement of the compensator?
- 4. Are the Shipping Restraints/Bars removed?

(For more complete installation / inspection instructions, please refer to Series 8500 on our website at www.hyspan.com)

Series 8500



Expansion Compensa

Hyspan Associations & Options:

E INTERNATIONAL DISTRICT ENERGY ASSOCIATION

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THREE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

This warranty (abbreviated here) is given by HYSPAN PRE-CISION PRODUCTS, INC. (HYSPAN) for the benefit of the purchasers for use of its Series 8500 Expansion Compensators manufactured by HYSPAN to standard catalog construction or standard construction with laminated Alloy 625 bellows. The product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of shipment by HYSPAN in accordance with the conditions stated on HYSPAN'S official website; www. hyspan.com.

For complete warranty terms and conditions, please see Series 8500 warranty at www.hyspan.com.